

# Computational and Experimental Analysis Reveals the Arachidonic Acid Metabolite 20-Hydroxyeicosatetraenoic Acid is a Novel Ligand of the Na/K-ATPase

Dhilhani Faleel<sup>1\*</sup>, Shungang Zhang<sup>1</sup>, Jacob A. Connolly<sup>1</sup>, Deepak Malhotra<sup>1</sup>, Steven T. Haller<sup>2</sup>, John R. Falck<sup>1</sup>, David J. Kennedy<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Division of Nephrology, Department of Medicine, The University of Toledo, Toledo, OH 43614

<sup>2</sup>Division of Cardiovascular Medicine, Department of Medicine, The University of Toledo, Toledo, OH 43614

\*Corresponding author: [Dhilhani.Faleel@rockets.utoledo.edu](mailto:Dhilhani.Faleel@rockets.utoledo.edu)

Published: 05 May 2023

**Objective:** We sought to determine the ability of 20-HETE to bind with the NKA relative to other known NKA ligands using a computational molecular modeling approach. We further sought to test the ability of 20-HETE to stimulate NKA mediated signaling in renal proximal tubule cells.

**Methods:** Computational molecular modeling to investigate the interaction of 20-HETE and NKA was performed using Maestro software analysis (Schrodinger 2021-2). In vitro experiments of NKA signaling were performed with both 20-HETE and its stable analog, 5,14-20-HEDE, in renal LLC-PK1 proximal tubule cells.

**Results:** First, we performed induced fit docking to predict the binding free energy of both 20-HETE and its stable analog, 5,14-20-HEDE, in comparison with the well-established cardiotoxic steroid NKA ligand telocinobufagin. This docking analysis predicted that 20-HETE and 5,14-20-HEDE interact with the NKA with similar binding free energy as cardiotoxic steroids (Predicted binding free energies: telocinobufagin = -9.2; 20-HETE = -8.5 and 5,14-20-HEDE = -8.18). Further this computational modeling demonstrated that all of these molecules interact in the same binding pockets of the NKA. Next, our in-vitro experiments showed that 20-HETE and its analog 5,14-20-HEDE increased MAPK activation in a dose dependent manner from 10 nM to 10 uM in LLC-PK1 cell lines. This MAPK activation was significantly reduced after pretreatment with pNaKtide, a specific inhibitor of the NKA-Src signaling complex (1uM pNaKtide, 30 minutes).

**Conclusion:** The result of these study suggests that 20-HETE interacts with NKA in similar manner as cardiotoxic steroids and is capable of inducing NKA signaling in renal proximal tubules.